

Information der Pflanzengesundheitskontrolle Land Brandenburg über geforderte zusätzliche Erklärungen im Pflanzengesundheitszeugnis für Saatgut mit Herkunft aus Nicht-EU-Ländern (gültig ab 26.05.2023)



Import of plants and plant products from third countries

Additional declarations on the phytosanitary certificate according to Article 71 (2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament of the Council of 26 October 2016 on protective measures against pests of plants except wood and wood packing material - without prejudice to prohibition of imports -

The phytosanitary certificate shall specify under the heading 'Additional Declaration' which specific requirement is fulfilled, whenever allows for several different options for such requirements.

That specification shall include the full wording of the relevant requirement!

seeds

genus/species	origin	Citation of Commission	Text of the citation Commission	harmful organism
		Implementing Regulation	Implementing Regulation (EU)	
		(EU) 2019/2072,	2019/2072, Annex VII or EU-	
		Annex VII or EU-Decision	Decision	
Capsicum,	Third countries	Commission Implementing	Under the heading 'Additional	Tomato brown
other than the ones		Regulation (EU) 2023/1032,	Declaration', contains all of the	rugose fruit virus
belonging to varieties which		Article 10 point	following:	
are known to be resistant to		(1) a) i) and (1) a) ii) and	(1) (a) an official statement that all of	
Tomato brown rugose fruit		point (1) a) iii)	the following conditions have been	
virus		and point 1b)	fulfilled:	
			(i) the mother plants of the specified	
			seeds concerned have been	
			produced in a production site where	
			the specified pest is known not to	
			occur, on the basis of official	

inconnections conviod out at the
inspections carried out at the
appropriate time to detect the
specified pest;
and
(ii) in the case of a specified seed lot
originating from more than 30
mother plants, that specified seed
lot, prior to processing, has
undergone official sampling and
testing for the specified pest as set
out in the Annex and have been
found, according to those tests, to
be free from the specified pest;
and
(iii) in the case of a specified seed lot
originating from less than or equal to
30 mother plants, sampling and
testing, as set out in the Annex have
been carried out on the specified
seeds, or on each individual mother
plant of those specified seeds.
Specified seeds or mother plants
have been found, according to those
tests, to be free from the specified
pest;
and
(b) information ensuring the
traceability of the production site of
the mother plants
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2. Specified seeds of varieties which
are known to be resistant to the
specified pest, originating from third
countries, may only be introduced
into the Union if they are
accompanied by a phytosanitary
certificate, which, under the heading
'Additional Declaration' confirms
that resistance.
3. By way of derogation from
paragraph 1, point (a), specified
seeds that have been harvested prior
to 31 August 2023 and before their
introduction within the Union have
been found to comply with the
requirements of Implementing
Regulation (EU) 2020/1191, may be
introduced into the Union territory
accompanied by a phytosanitary
certificate indicating under the
heading 'Additional Declaration', the
following statement: 'These seeds
have been harvested before 31
August 2023 and have been found
to comply with Regulation (EU)
2020/1191
This regulation shall apply from 1
September 2023 until 31

			December 2024	
Capsicum varieties which	Third countries	Commission Implementing	(2) The seeds may only be	Tomato brown
are known to be resistant to		Regulation (EU) 2023/1032,	introduced into the Union if they are	rugose fruit virus
Tomato brown rugose fruit		Article 10 point (2)	accompanied by a phytosanitary	
virus			certificate, which, under the heading	
			'Additional Declaration' confirms	
			that resistance.	
Oryza sativa	Third countries	Commission Implementing	(4) The specified plants are	Meloidogyne
		Regulation (EU) 2022/1372,	accompanied by a phytosanitary	graminicola
		Article 10 point (4) a) or b) or	certificate including, in accordance	
		c) and point 5	with Article 71(2) of Regulation (EU)	
		This Regulation shall apply	2016/2031, under the heading	
		until 30 June 2025.	'Additional declaration', one of the	
			following statements:	
			(a) 'The national plant protection	
			organisation of origin of the	
			specified plants recognised that	
			country as being free from the	
			specified pest in accordance with the	
			relevant international standards for	
			phytosanitary measures.';	
			or	
			(b) 'The specified plants originate in	
			a pest-free area, established as	
			regards the specified pest by the	
			national plant	
			protection organisation of the third	
			country of the area concerned, in	
			accordance with the relevant	

international
standards for phytosanitary
measures. The name of the pest-free
area shall be included in the
phytosanitary
certificate under the heading "Place
of origin".';
or
(c) 'The specified plants have been
produced in a pest-free place or a
pest-free site of production,
established as regards
the specified pest by the national
plant protection organisation of the
third country concerned, in
accordance with the relevant
international standards for
phytosanitary measures
(Requirements for the establishment
of pest free places of production and
pest free production sites. ISPM No
10 (1999), Rome, IPPC, FAO 2016)
and have been produced in
accordance with Commission
Implementing Regulation (EU)
2022/1372 (*).
The phytosanitary certificate
accompanying specified seeds
originating in third countries

Pinus Non-European third countries	Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2019/2032 Article 9 (a) or (b) or (c)	includes, under the heading 'Additional declaration', the information that the seeds are free from soil and debris and (5) the phytosanitary certificate accompanying specified seeds originating in third countries includes, under the heading 'Additional declaration', the information that the seeds are free from soil and debris. The certificate referred to in Article 13(1)(ii) of Directive 2000/29/EC, containing one of the following statements under the entry 'Additional declaration': (a) they have been grown throughout their life in a country where the specified organism is known not to occur or (b) they have been grown throughout their life in an area free from the specified organism, established by the National Plant Protection Organisation in accordance with International Standards for Phytosanitary	Fusarium circinatum
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Prunus	Third countries where Tomato ringspot virus is known to occur	Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 Annex VII, point 47.(a)i) or (a)ii)	or (c) they originate in a place of production, including its vicinity of at least 1 km radius, where no symptoms of the specified organism have been observed during official inspections within a period of two years prior to their movement and have been sampled and tested immediately prior to export, on the basis of a representative sample for each lot, and have been found free from the specified organism on those tests. Official statement that: the plants have been: (i) officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing at least for the relevant Union quarantine pests using appropriate indicators for the presence of those pests or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those pests, or	Tomato ringspot virus
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			(ii) derived in direct line from	
			material which is maintained under	
			appropriate conditions and has been	
			subjected, within the last three	
			complete cycles of vegetation, at	
			least once, to official testing at least	
			for the relevant Union quarantine	
			pests, using appropriate indicators	
			for the presence of those pests or	
			equivalent methods and has been	
			found free, in these tests, from those	
			Union quarantine pests,	
Pseudotsuga menziesii	Non-European third	Commission Implementing	The certificate referred to in Article	Fusarium circinatum
r seudotsugu menziesn	countries	Decision (EU) 2019/2032	13(1)(ii) of Directive 2000/29/EC,	r usurium en ematum
	Countries	Article 9 (a) or (b) or (c)	containing one of the following	
		Article 9 (a) or (b) or (c)	statements under the entry	
			'Additional declaration':	
			(a) they have been grown	
			throughout their life in a country	
			where the specified organism is	
			known not to occur or	
			(b) they have been grown	
			throughout their life in an area free	
			from the specified organism,	
			established by the National Plant	
			Protection Organisation in	
			accordance with International	
			Standards for Phytosanitary	
			Measures	

Rubus	Third countries where Tomato ringspot virus, is known to occur	Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 Annex VII, point 48.(b)i) first or second indent	or (c) they originate in a place of production, including its vicinity of at least 1 km radius, where no symptoms of the specified organism have been observed during official inspections within a period of two years prior to their movement and have been sampled and tested immediately prior to export, on the basis of a representative sample for each lot, and have been found free from the specified organism on those tests. (b) official statement that: (i) the plants have been: — officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing at least for the relevant Union quarantine	Tomato ringspot virus
			for the relevant Union quarantine pests, using appropriate indicators for the presence of those pests or	
			equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those Union quarantine pests, or	

Rubus	Third countries where Black raspberry latent virus is known to occur	Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 Annex VII, point 48.(b)i) first or second indent	— derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing at least for relevant Union quarantine pests, using appropriate indicators for the presence of those pests or for equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those Union quarantine pests; (b) official statement that: (i) the plants have been: — officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing at least for the relevant Union quarantine pests, using appropriate indicators for the presence of those pests or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those Union quarantine pests, or — derived in direct line from	Black raspberry latent virus

Solanum haconovaigure	Third countries	Commission Implementing	appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing at least for relevant Union quarantine pests, using appropriate indicators for the presence of those pests or for equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those Union quarantine pests;	Pantoea stewartii
Solanum lycopersicum, other than the ones	inira countries	Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1032,	Under the heading 'Additional Declaration', contains all of the	subsp. stewartii
belonging to varieties which		Article 10 point	following:	suosp. stewartii
are known to be resistant to		(1) a) i) and (1) a) ii) and	(1) (a) an official statement that all of	
Tomato brown rugose fruit virus		point (1) a) iii) and point 1b)	the following conditions have been fulfilled:	
			(i) the mother plants of the specified	
			seeds concerned have been	
			produced in a production site where	
			the specified pest is known not to	
			occur, on the basis of official	
			inspections carried out at the	
			appropriate time to detect the	
			specified pest;	
			and	
			(ii) in the case of a specified seed lot	
			originating from more than 30	
			mother plants, that specified seed	
			lot, prior to processing, has	

undergene official carealing and
undergone official sampling and
testing for the specified pest as set
out in the Annex and have been
found, according to those tests, to
be free from the specified pest;
and
(iii) in the case of a specified seed lot
originating from less than or equal to
30 mother plants, sampling and
testing, as set out in the Annex have
been carried out on the specified
seeds, or on each individual mother
plant of those specified seeds.
Specified seeds or mother plants
have been found, according to those
tests, to be free from the specified
pest;
and
(b) information ensuring the
traceability of the production site of
the mother plants
the mother plants
2. Specified seeds of varieties which
are known to be resistant to the
specified pest, originating from third
countries, may only be introduced
into the Union if they are
accompanied by a phytosanitary
certificate, which, under the heading
Certificate, which, under the fleading

			'Additional Declaration' confirms that resistance. 3. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, point (a), specified seeds that have been harvested prior to 31 August 2023 and before their introduction within the Union have been found to comply with the requirements of Implementing Regulation (EU) 2020/1191, may be introduced into the Union territory accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate indicating under the heading 'Additional Declaration', the following statement: 'These seeds have been harvested before 31 August 2023 and have been found to comply with Regulation (EU) 2020/1191 This regulation shall apply from 1 September 2023 until 31 December 2024	
Solanum lycpoersicum, varieties which are known to be resistant to Tomato brown rugose fruit virus	Third countries	Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1032, Article 10 point (2)	(2) The seeds may only be introduced into the Union if they are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate, which, under the heading 'Additional Declaration' confirms that resistance.	Meloidogyne graminicola

Zea mays	Third countries	73. (a) or (b) or (c)	Official statement that:	Pantoea stewartii
			(a) the seeds originate in a country	subsp. stewartii
CN-Codes			recognised as being free from	
0712 90 11			Pantoea stewartii subsp. stewartii	
1005 10 13			(Smith) Mergaert, Verdonck &	
1005 10 15			Kersters, in accordance with the	
1005 10 18			relevant International Standards for	
1005 10 90			Phytosanitary Measures,	
			or	
			(b) the seeds originate in an area	
			established by the national plant	
			protection organisation in the	
			country of origin as being free from	
			from Pantoea stewartii subsp.	
			stewartii (Smith) Mergaert, Verdonck	
			& Kersters in accordance with the	
			relevant International Standards for	
			Phytosanitary Measures, which is	
			mentioned on the phytosanitary	
			certificate,	
			or	
			(c) a representative sample of the	
			seeds has been tested and found	
			free from Pantoea stewartii subsp.	
			stewartii (Smith) Mergaert, Verdonck	
			& Kersters in this test. The size of the	
			sample for inspection shall be such	
			as to enable at least the detection of	
			0,5 % level of infestation with a level	

of confidence of 99 %. However, in
the case of seed lots smaller than
8000 seeds, a representative sample
of 10 % of the lot has been tested
and found free from Pantoea
stewartii subsp. stewartii (Smith)
Mergaert, Verdonck & Kersters in this
test.';

In case of treatment, this has to be specified in the rubric "disinfestation and/or disinfection treatment".